## THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG Department of Mathematics MATH2060B Mathematical Analysis II (Spring 2017) Tutorial 7

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- 1. (a) State the change of variable formula.
  - (b) Let  $\varphi$  be strictly positive and continuously differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}$ , and x > 0. Using change of variable formula, show that

$$\int_0^x \frac{\varphi'(t)}{\varphi(t)} dt = \ln \varphi(x) - \ln f(0)$$

(Q: Why is left hand side Riemann integrable?)

- (c) State the integration by parts formula.
- (d) (Seems out of scope at present) Using integration by parts, show that the following limit of integral converges:

$$\lim_{R \to \infty} \int_1^R \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$$

Remember that we should first show that for each R > 0, the function  $\frac{\sin x}{x}$  is Riemann integrable on [1, R].

(e) Let  $f : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$  be smooth,  $c \in (a, b)$ . Prove the following Taylor's theorem with a precise form for the remainder:

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{f^{(k)}(c)}{k!} (x-c)^{k} + R_{n}(x),$$

where

$$R_n(x) = \frac{1}{n!} \int_c^x f^{(n+1)}(t) (x-t)^n dt$$